

Gregory J. Nickels, Mayor **Department of Planning and Development** D.M. Sugimura, Director

CITY OF SEATTLE ANALYSIS AND DECISION OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

Application Number: 2206793

Applicant Name: Terry Beals for Central Puget Sound Regional Transit Authority

("Sound Transit")

Address of Proposal: 4818 Martin Luther King Jr. Way South

SUMMARY OF PROPOSED ACTION

Master Use Permit for future Master Use Permit to establish the use for future construction of the "Edmunds Plaza" (Light Rail Transit Facility). The project includes installation of a systems equipment facility; pedestrian amenities and landscaping. The project also includes future demolition of two existing single family residential structures. An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) was prepared by Sound Transit (issued November 1999).

The following approvals are required:

Essential Public Facilities – SMC Chapter 23.80

SEPA - for conditioning only – SMC Chapter 25.05.

SEPA DETERMINATION:	[] Exempt [] DNS [] MDNS [X] EIS*
	[] DNS with conditions
	[] DNS involving non-exempt grading, or demolition o another agency with jurisdiction.

BACKGROUND DATA

<u>Site Location:</u> The subject property is located in Southeast Seattle and occupies two

parcels situated at the northeast corner of Martin Luther King Jr. Way South and South Edmunds Street. The site is addressed as 4815 32nd

Avenue South and 4812 Martin Luther King Jr. Way South.

<u>Site Description</u> The 7,262-square foot site is developed with two single family residents

and accessory parking. The site is nearly flat and has typical residential

landscaping. Street trees have been planted along the site's street

frontages.

^{*} Final Environmental Impact Statement issued by Central Puget Sound Regional Transit Authority in November 1999.

The site does not contain any mapped or observed Environmentally

Critical Areas (ECAs).

Zoning: The proposal site is located in a Multi-family, Lowrise 3 zone (L-3). The

property is within the Edmunds Station Area Overlay District boundaries and is also a part of a residential urban village described in the Columbia City Neighborhood Plan. The proposal is generally included in the "Design Guidelines for Link Light Rail" (Director's Rule 2-2001)

Zoning in Vicinity: Zoning along this portion of Martin Luther King Jr. Way S. is primarily

Lowrise Multi-family with an L-1 to the west and southwest and L-3 to the east. The properties directly south are zoned Single Family residential

(SF-5000).

<u>Uses in Vicinity:</u> Properties along this portion Martin Luther King Jr. Way S. is

predominately developed with a mixture of residential uses including

single family, duplex, triplex and larger apartment buildings.

Public Comments The public comment period ended March 12, 2003. The Department

received no comments concerning the proposal.

Project Description

The subject proposal is an element of Sound Transit's Central Link light rail C730/C740 segment along Martin Luther King Jr. Way South. The C730/C740 contract is a component of Sound Transit's Initial Segment that would ultimately connect downtown Seattle with the City of Tukwila. Under this application, Sound Transit proposes to (1) demolish the existing structures at the site to accommodate future realignment and widening of Martin Luther King Way Jr. South and (2) construct improvements for the "Edmunds Plaza."

The project includes the construction of the plaza and the installation of a systems equipment buildings and equipment. The plaza would be a pedestrian-oriented area and would be located at the intersection of Martin Luther King Jr. Way S. and S. Edmunds Street. The plaza area would be hard-surfaced with concrete pavers and would include a seat wall, bike racks, an information kiosk, a bus shelter, a paratransit shelter, landscaping (trees, shrubs, and ground cover) and a public art feature. Following the anticipated realignment and widening of the Martin Luther King Jr. Way South right-of-way, some of these features would be located within City right-of-way. The resulting area of the proposal site after right-of-way dedication would be 5,736 sf.

In addition to the pedestrian amenities, a 252 sf systems building, a 27.5 sf communications cabinet and a smaller electrical services cabinet would be placed at the plaza area's northern edge surrounded by an up to 9.75-foot tall brick fence. Grading on the site would consist of approximately 42 cubic yards of excavated material and approximately 216.24 cubic yards of fill material, for a total grading quantity of approximately 258.24 cubic yards.

ANALYSIS – ESSENTIAL PUBLIC FACILITIES

Pursuant to SMC 23.80.002, in reviewing an application for a proposed essential public facility, the Director considers a specified set of criteria listed in SMC 23.80.004. Based on the information provided by the applicant and review of the proposal by the Land Use Planner, the following findings are made with respect to the criteria cited:

SMC 23.80.004 A:

1. Interjurisdictional Analysis. A review to determine the extent to which an interjurisdictional approach may be appropriate, including consideration of possible alternative sites for the facility in other jurisdictions and an analysis of the extent to which the proposed facility is of a county-wide, regional or state-wide nature, and whether uniformity among jurisdictions should be considered.

The proposed Central Link light rail system is a component of the region's voter-approved Sound Move, Sound Transit's 10-year program for regional high-capacity transportation. As part of the development of Sound Move, and the preparation of the Environmental Impact Statement for the Central Link light rail line, a wide range of alternative routes were considered before selecting the proposed route. To achieve its purpose, the Central Link light rail system would extend through the most heavily populated portions of King County and Seattle and would be located in several local jurisdictions between SeaTac and North Seattle. The overall design of the system was based on an interjurisdictional approach to transportation planning in the region.

2. Financial Analysis. A review to determine if the financial impact upon the City of Seattle can be reduced or avoided by intergovernmental agreement.

The Final Environmental Impact Statement for the Central Link Light Rail Project addresses the potential impacts of the project, including the potential financial impact on the City of Seattle. The potential financial impact was considered by the Federal Transit Administration prior to issuance of its Record of Decision which included measures to mitigate potential impacts.

3. Special Purpose Districts. When the public facility is being proposed by a special purpose district, the City should consider the facility in the context of the district's overall plan and the extent to which the plan and facility are consistent with the Comprehensive Plan.

Sound Transit is not a Special Purpose District. Nevertheless, the City has considered the Central Link Rail Project in its entirety. The City participated in preparation of the Sound Move plan and in the EIS for the Central Link Project and was actively involved in the siting decisions for the various segments of the Central Link Project. As part of planning for the Central Link Project, the City Council passed resolution 30128 (dated April 17, 2000) approving the alignment, transit station locations, and maintenance base location for the project in Seattle. The City's Comprehensive Plan directly supports the project. Comprehensive Plan Policy T34 calls for the City to support the development of an integrated regional transportation system that includes light rail. In addition, Policies T35 and T38.5 also address a potential light rail system.

4. Measures to Facilitate Siting. The factors that make a particular facility difficult to site should be considered when a facility is proposed, and measures should be taken to facilitate siting of the facility in light of those factors (such as the availability of land, access to transportation, compatibility with neighboring uses, and the impact on the physical environment).

Potential impacts of the project and the measures to mitigate those impacts are discussed in the 1999 FEIS and the 2001 FEIS Addendum for the Initial Segment. Please refer to the SEPA analysis included with this report.

SMC 23.80.004 B:

This subsection states that if the decision maker determines that attaching conditions to the permit approval will facilitate project siting in light of the considerations identified above, the decision maker may establish conditions for the project for that purpose. Potential impacts of the project and the measures to mitigate those impacts are discussed in the 1999 FEIS and the 2001 FEIS Addendum for the Initial Segment. Please refer to the SEPA analysis included with this report.

23.80.004 C: Light rail transit facilities.

1. Light rail transit facilities necessary to support the operation and maintenance of a light rail transit system are permitted in all zones within the City of Seattle.

The proposed element of the Central Link Light Rail Project is permitted in the subject L-3 zone.

2. The Director may approve a light rail transit facility pursuant to Chapter 23.76, Master Use Permits and Council Land Use Decisions only if the alignment, transit station locations, and maintenance base location of the light rail transit system have been approved by the City Council by ordinance or resolution.

The City of Seattle City Council passed and the Mayor approved Resolution 30128 (dated April 17, 2000) approving the alignment, transit station locations, and maintenance base location for Sound Transit's Central Link Light Rail project in Seattle. The proposed demolition and Edmunds Street Plaza are consistent with the approved Resolution.

3. When approving light rail transit facilities, the Director may impose reasonable conditions in order to lessen identified impacts on surrounding properties. A Master Use Permit is not required for the installation of tracks, below-grade facilities, minor alteration of light rail transit facilities involving no material expansion or change of use, and other minor new construction that, in the determination of the Director, is not likely to have significant adverse impacts on surrounding properties.

This Master Use Permit application is for the demolition of two residential structures and the installation of improvements for "Edmunds Plaza." The project is an integral part of the overall transit system. Sound Transit issued a Final FEIS for the proposed system in November of 1999 and Addendum to the Final EIS for the Initial Segment on November 16, 2001. The environmental documents identified potential impacts of the system and its components, as well as adequate mitigation measures. Please refer below to the SEPA analysis related to the mitigation of the potential impacts of this project.

4. When approving light rail transit facilities, the Director may impose conditions to ensure consistency with the Seattle Design Guidelines for Link Light Rail to be developed by the City and Sound Transit.

The City of Seattle has developed design guidelines to specifically address the Link light rail system under development by Sound Transit. These Design Guidelines are intended to be used as a guide for the development of the public spaces, such as transit stations, encompassed by the Link light rail project. For Contract C730/C740, Design Guidelines have been developed and finalized by the Seattle Light Rail Review Panel for the transit stations located at S. Edmunds Street, S. Othello Street, and S. Henderson Street. (Please reference Section 5: Director's Rule 2-2001.)

This application is for the Edmunds Plaza, a light-rail systems equipment facility, with a public plaza located adjacent to the south end of the Edmunds Station (to be located in the Martin Luther King Junior Way S. right-of way). The Edmunds Plaza has been designed consistent with the Design Guidelines. On October 16, 2002, the Seattle Light Rail Review Panel recommended approval of the 90% design for the Edmunds, Othello and Henderson stations. The Seattle Light Rail Review Panel reviewed the MLK corridor design, including station plazas and artwork, for compliance with the Design Guidelines on November 12, 2002. The subject proposal is consitent with the applicable provisions of these guidelines.

5. A Master Use Permit for light rail transit facilities shall not be issued until the Director has received satisfactory evidence that the applicant has obtained sufficient funding (which might include a Full Funding Grant Agreement with a federal agency) to complete the work described in the master use permit application.

The City's Sound Transit Program Manager reviewed the Financial Capacity Statement submitted by Sound Transit for the demolitions and Edmunds Plaza. On June 27, 2003, the Program Manager confirmed that the Financial Capacity Statement meets applicable code criteria.

<u>DECISION – ESSENTIAL PUBLIC FACILITY</u>

The Essential Public Facility application request is **APPROVED**.

ANALYSIS - SEPA

Central Puget Sound Regional Transit Authority (Sound Transit) as lead agency has disclosed the environmental impacts of the proposed light rail stations (including the Othello station and its associated plaza) in a Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) issued in November of 1999. An addendum to the Final EIS for the Initial Segment was issued on November 16, 2001, which generally evaluated a reduced rail alignment (from 21 miles to an initial 14 mile segment). The Director hereby incorporates by reference the FEIS and the Addendum to the FEIS. The addendum concludes that there has been no substantial change in impacts from those identified in the foregoing EIS materials. The information in the EIS, supplemental information provided by the applicant (plans, further project descriptions), and the experience of the lead agency with review of similar projects form the basis for this analysis and decision.

The SEPA Overview Policy (SMC 25.05.665) establishes the relationship among codes, policies, and environmental review. Specific policies for specific elements of the environment, certain neighborhood plans, and other policies explicitly referenced may serve as the basis for exercising substantive SEPA authority. The Overview Policy states in part: "where City regulations have been adopted to address an environmental impact, it shall be presumed that such regulations are adequate to achieve sufficient mitigation" (subject to some limitations).

Under certain limitations/circumstances (SMC 25.05.665 D 1-7) mitigation can be considered. Thus, a more detailed discussion of some of the impacts is cited below.

Short-term Impacts

The following temporary or construction-related impacts are expected:

 decreased air quality due to suspended particulates from demolition and construction activities and hydrocarbon emissions from construction vehicles and equipment;

Application No. 2206793 Page 6

- potential soil erosion and potential disturbance to subsurface soils during grading, excavation, and general site work;
- increased traffic and demand for parking from construction equipment and personnel;
- conflicts with normal pedestrian and vehicular movement adjacent to the site; and
- increased noise.

Several adopted City codes and/or ordinances provide mitigation for some of the identified impacts. Specifically, these codes and ordinances are: Stormwater, Grading and Drainage Control Code (grading, site excavation and soil erosion); Street Use Ordinance (watering streets to suppress dust, removal of debris, and obstruction of the pedestrian right-of-way); the Building Code (construction measures in general); and the Noise Ordinance (construction noise). Compliance with these applicable codes and ordinances will reduce or eliminate most of the short-term impacts to the environment. Other impacts may not be adequately mitigated by existing ordinances, as discussed below.

Air Quality

The Puget Sound Clean Air Agency (PSCAA) regulations require control of fugitive dust to protect air quality. PSCAA, the Department of Labor and Industry, and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations provide for the safe removal and disposal of asbestos that may be encountered during the demolition of the site's two existing structures. However, no permit process exists to ensure that PSCAA has been notified of the proposed building demolition and that asbestos has been removed from the site. Therefore, a condition should be added requiring the applicant to submit to DPD a copy of the PSCAA demolition permit prior to issuance of the demolition permit. This condition is imposed pursuant to SEPA authority to mitigate air quality, construction and environmental health impacts, SMC 25.05.675 A, B, and F.

Compliance with PSCAA regulations would mitigate any other potential adverse short term impacts to air associated with demolition and installation of the plaza amenities.

Grading - Earth/Soils

Any additional information required to verify conformance with applicable ordinances and codes (The Stormwater, Grading and Drainage Control Code, DR 3-93, and 3-94) would be required prior to the issuance of demolition permits and any required construction permits for the Edmunds Street Plaza. The Stormwater, Grading and Drainage Control Code requires preparation of a soils report to evaluate the site conditions and provide recommendations for safe construction on sites where grading will involve cuts or fills of greater than three feet in height or grading greater than 100 cubic yards of material. The current proposal involves cuts possibly greater than three feet in height and grading of more than 100 cubic yards of material.

The Stormwater, Grading and Drainage Control Code provides extensive conditioning authority and prescriptive construction methodology to assure safe construction techniques are used; therefore, no additional conditioning is warranted pursuant to SEPA policies.

Traffic and Parking

Construction traffic would only minimally increase congestion in the area, and the area has adequate street access to accommodate any increased traffic. Parking for construction personnel would be available on the subject site or at other approved staging areas in the immediate vicinity.

Therefore, no further mitigation for traffic and parking related impacts during construction is warranted pursuant to SEPA policies.

Noise

Demolition and other construction activities would generate short-term noise. The applicant proposes to implement a Construction Noise Mitigation Plan. This plan requires that Sound Transit and its contractor comply with the City's noise control ordinance (SMC Chapter 25.08). In addition, the plan requires that Sound Transit work with its contractor, in advance of construction, to plan the construction work in a manner that minimizes potential noise impacts on the neighbors. Sound Transit has a community outreach program to keep the adjacent communities informed throughout construction. The outreach will include updates at community organization meetings, written construction updates, regular door-to-door visits with residents, and other similar efforts. A 24-hour construction hotline will be established, and a record will be kept of all noise complaints. When a complaint is received, Sound Transit will use every reasonable effort to resolve it to the satisfaction of the complainant. The project should be conditioned to require that Sound Transit submit to DPD on a monthly basis a list of the noise complaints received during construction and Sound Transit's response to each complaint. DPD will review the list to verify that Sound Transit is complying with the noise mitigation plan and that reasonable measures are taken to mitigate demolition and construction noise.

Long-term Impacts

Long-term or use-related impacts are also anticipated from the proposal, and include:

- Increased pedestrian activity associated with the adjoining Edmunds Street Light Rail Station.
- Increased impervious surfaces.

Several adopted City codes and/or ordinances provide mitigation for some of the identified impacts. The Stormwater, Grading and Drainage Control Code requires on-site collection of stormwater, with provisions for controlled tightline release to an approved outlet, and additional design elements to prevent isolated flooding. The Land Use Code controls site coverage, setbacks, building height and use, and contains other development and use regulations to assure compatible development. As part of the Edmunds Street Light Rail Station, new traffic signals would be installed in the Martin Luther King Way S. right-of-way at the intersection of S. Edmunds Street and would accommodate the anticipated increased pedestrian activity. Generally, compliance with the above mentioned applicable codes and ordinances is adequate to achieve sufficient mitigation of long-term impacts.

CONCLUSION - SEPA

Applicable conditions of approval together with codes and development regulations applicable to this proposed project, provide sufficient mitigation for most impacts identified in the adopted environmental documents. However, additional conditioning to mitigate short-term noise and potential air quality impacts is warranted pursuant to the SEPA Overview Policy (SMC 25.05.665)

The DEIS and FEIS together with associated appendices and studies; the master use permit plans submitted on the project; and responses to requests for information all comprise DPD's public record. Conditions imposed pursuant to SEPA assume installation of mitigating devices,

structures and measures noted in the above analysis. Pursuant to SMC 25.05.600.D.1, DPD relies on Sound Transit's FEIS in conditioning project approval.

DECISION - SEPA

Environmental impacts for the proposal were identified and analyzed in the Final Environmental Impact Statement issued by Sound Transit. DPD has the authority to mitigate impact pursuant to the city's SEPA practices. Therefore, the proposal is APPROVED subject to the conditions/mitigating measures noted at the conclusion of this report.

CONDITIONS - ESSENTIAL PUBLIC FACILITIES

NONE.

CONDITIONS - SEPA

The applicant (Sound Transit) shall:

Prior to Issuance to Demolition Permit

1. The owner(s) and/or responsible party(s) shall submit a copy to DPD of any required PSCAA Demolition Permit(s).

During Construction

2. The applicant shall comply with the Construction Noise Mitigation Plan submitted to DPD, a copy of which is in the Master Use Permit file. The applicant shall submit to DPD on a monthly basis a list of the noise complaints received during construction of the improvements and Sound Transit's response to each complaint. The applicant shall mail the list to the attention of the undersigned DPD planner. DPD will review the list to verify that Sound Transit is complying with the noise mitigation plan and that reasonable measures are taken to mitigate demolition and construction noise.

For the Life of the Project

3. Comply with all conditions and mitigating measures listed herein and described in the adopted FEIS, including Sound Transit's contractors <u>Special Provisions</u>, for the proposal to the satisfaction of the City. For conditions which specify approval by a particular agency of the City or a State or Federal agency, that approval will constitute satisfactory compliance. Unless otherwise noted, DPD shall determine the issue of satisfactory compliance with conditions imposed under City authority.

Signature: (signature on file)	Date:	November 24, 2003
Carol I. Proud, Senior Land Use Pl	anner	
Department of Design, Construction	on and Land Use	
I and Use Services		

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